

#### **ALUPE UNIVERSITY**

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY VICE CHANCELLOR
ACADEMICS, RESEARCH AND STUDENTS' AFFAIRS

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2023/2024 ACADEMIC YEAR

THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER REGULAR MAIN EXAMINATION

# FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION ARTS/SCIENCE

COURSE CODE:

**MAT 312** 

COURSE TITLE:

**COMPLEX ANALYSIS I** 

DATE: 19th DECEMBER 2023

TIME:

2.00PM - 5.00PM

## **INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES**

SEE INSIDE

THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF 3 PRINTED PAGES

PLEASE TURN OVER

1144

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- i. Answer ALL Questions from section A and ANY from section B.
- ii. Do not write on the question paper.

#### SECTION A (31 Marks)

#### Answer ALL questions in this section.

#### QUESTION ONE (16 Marks)

- a) Find all solutions of the complex number  $z^2 = -5 + 12i$  and give your answer in the form z = x + iy. (4 Marks)
- b) Differentiate the following complex functions from first principles:
  - $f(z) = z^2 + z ag{2 Marks}$
  - f(z) = 1/z (3 Marks)
- c) Write the function f(z) = |z| in the form u(x, y) + iv(x, y). Using the Cauchy-Riemann equations, decide whether there are any points in  $\mathbb{C}$  at which f is differentiable. (4 Marks)
- d) Find the radius of convergence of  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{z^n}{n!}$ . (3 Marks)

### QUESTION TWO (15 Marks)

- a) Let  $\gamma$  denote the circular path with centre 1 and radius 1, described once anticlockwise and starting at the point 2. Let  $f(z) = |z|^2$ . Write down a parametrisation of  $\gamma$ . Hence calculate  $\int_{\gamma} |z|^2 dz$ . (6 Marks)
- b) Find the Taylor expansion of  $\sin^2 z$  around 0 and find the radius of convergence. (4 Marks)
- c) Let  $f(z) = z^3$ ,  $f : \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$ . Determine real-valued functions u, v so that f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y) (where z = x + iy). Verify that both u and v satisfy Laplace's equation. (5 Marks)

#### SECTION B (39 Marks)

#### Answer ANY THREE questions.

#### **QUESTION THREE (13 Marks)**

- a) Let  $w_0 \neq 0$  be a complex number such that  $|w_0| = r$  and  $\arg w_0 = \theta$ . Find the polar forms of all the solutions z to  $z^n = w_0$ , where  $n \geq 1$  is a positive integer. (4 Marks)
- b) Let  $z, w \in \mathbb{C}$ . Show that
  - $\overline{z+w}=\bar{z}+\bar{w}$