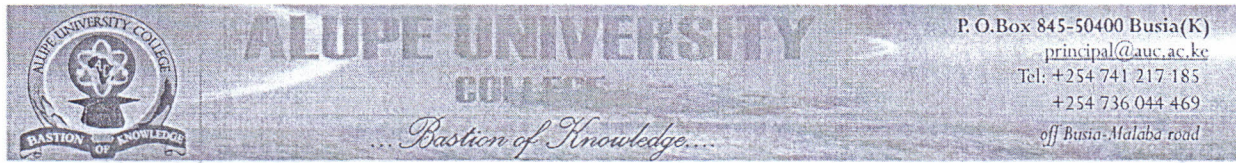


PHY 210



OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY PRINCIPAL
ACADEMICS, STUDENT AFFAIRS AND RESEARCH

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

2020 /2021 ACADEMIC YEAR

SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATION

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF
EDUCATION SCIENCE & COMPUTER SCIENCE

COURSE CODE: PHY 210

COURSE TITLE: ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM

DATE: 11/03/2021

TIME: 1400 – 1700 HRS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

- SEE INSIDE

THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF 6 PRINTED PAGES

PLEASE TURN OVER

REGULAR – MAIN EXAM**PHY 210: ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM****STREAM: BED (Science)****DURATION: 3 Hours****INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- i. Answer **TWO** questions in section A and any other **THREE** questions in section B.

You may need to use the following constants

- Permittivity of free space, $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$ ($k = 8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2\text{C}^{-2}$)
- Mass of an electron, $M_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ Kg}$
- Mass of a proton, $M_p = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ Kg}$
- Electronic charge, $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
- Permeability of free space, $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ Tm/A}$
- $1\text{eV} = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$

SECTION A (28 MARKS)**Question One (14 Marks)**

- a) Distinguish between electric potential and electric potential energy. (2 Marks)
- b) The electron and proton of a hydrogen atom are separated (on the average) by a distance of approximately $5.3 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}$. Find the magnitudes of the electric force between the two particles. (3 Marks)
- c) (i) State the Gauss's law (1 Mark)
- (ii) State any three properties of electric field lines (3 Marks)
- d) A conductor 300mm long moves at a uniform speed of 4m/s at right-angles to a uniform magnetic field of flux density 1.25T. Determine the current flowing in the conductor when its ends are connected to a load of 20Ω resistance. (3 Marks)

- e) A capacitor has $3.5 \mu\text{C}$ of charge on it and an electric field of 2.0 kV/mm is desired. What must each plate's area be if they are separated by 5.0 mm of air. (2 Marks)

Question Two (14 Marks)

- a) Define the term electric polarization as used with dielectric materials (1 Mark)
- b) Give two differences between electric force and magnetic force (2 Marks)
- c) A current of 500mA is passed through a 600 turn/m coil wound on a toroid of mean diameter 10cm and has a magnetic permeability of $\mu_w = 5000\mu_o$ under the given conditions. Calculate the magnetic field strength H and magnetic field intensity B inside the toroid. (4 Marks)
- d) (i) State the ohm's law (1 Mark)
- (ii) A battery has an emf of 12.0 V and an internal resistance of 0.05Ω . Its terminals are connected to a load resistance of 3.00Ω . Find the terminal voltage of the battery and the power delivered by the battery (3 Marks)

- e) A resistance thermometer, which measures temperature by measuring the change in resistance of a conductor, is made from copper and has a resistance of 30.0Ω at 20.0°C . Calculate the resistance of copper at 60°C if the temperature coefficient of resistance for copper is $4.0 \times 10^{-3}\text{C}^{-1}$. (3 Marks)

SECTION B (42 MARKS)

Question Three (14 Marks)

- a) State Ampere's law (1 Mark)
- b) An electron in a television picture tube moves toward the front of the tube with a speed of $8.0 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s}$ along the x axis. Surrounding the neck of the tube are coils of wire that create a magnetic field of magnitude 0.025 T , directed at an angle of 60° to the x axis and lying in the xy plane. Calculate the magnetic force on the electron (3 Marks)

- c) Show that for a positively charged particle moving in a uniform magnetic field with the initial velocity vector of the particle perpendicular to the field, its period of revolution is given by

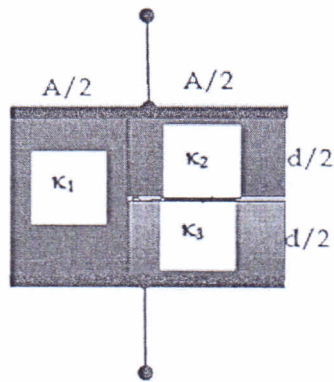
$$T = \frac{2\pi m}{qB} \quad (5 \text{ Marks})$$

- d) A flux density of 1.2 T is produced in a piece of cast steel by a magnetizing force of 1250 A/m. Find the relative permeability of the steel under these conditions. (2 Marks)

- e) A 20-turn coil with circular cross-section of radius 0.5m and resistance 25Ω is placed in a uniform magnetic field perpendicular to the plane of the coil. The field changes from 0.1T to 0.3T in a time interval of 5s, find the averaged induced emf and average current in the coil during this interval. (3 Marks)

Question Four (14 Marks)

- a) A parallel plate capacitor is fully charged at a potential V . A dielectric with constant $k = 4$ is inserted between the plates while the potential remains constant. What happens to the amount of charge stored? (3 Marks)
- b) Suppose a parallel plate capacitor has plates that are 2.0 cm by 3.0 cm which are separated by 1.0 mm. The maximum dielectric strength of air, is $3.00 \times 10^6 \text{ V/m}$.
- (i) What is the maximum charge that can be placed on this capacitor? (4 Marks)
- (ii) Suppose paper with a dielectric constant of $k = 3.7$ and a dielectric strength of $16 \times 10^6 \text{ V/m}$ is placed between the plates. How much charge can it hold now? (3 Marks)
- c) Find the capacitance of the capacitor shown in figure below. (4 Marks)

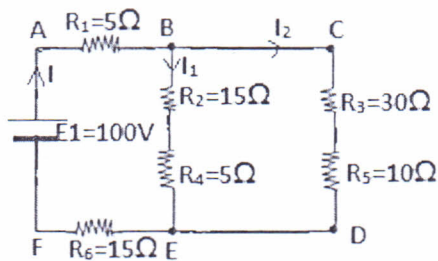


Question Five (14 Marks)

- a) The radius of a copper wire is 1.47mm. A potential difference of 44V is applied across a 30m length of this wire. Given that the resistivity of copper is $1.7 \times 10^{-8} \Omega\text{m}$, find:
 - (i) Its resistance (2 Mark)
 - (ii) The electric field (2 Mark)

- b) Show that the current density, J , for a current carrying wire of cross-sectional area A is given by, $J = neV$ where the symbols have their usual meanings (4 Marks)

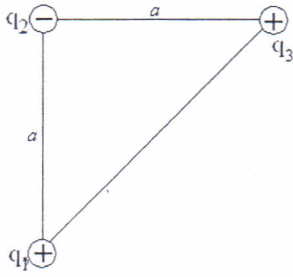
- c) Find the currents I_1 , I_2 and I_3 in the circuit shown below (6 Marks)



Question Six (14 Marks)

- a) State Coulomb's law of electrostatics (1 Mark)

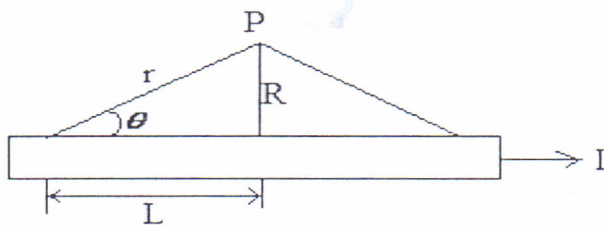
- b) Consider three point charges located at the corners of a right angled triangle as shown in the figure below.



- i. Given that $q_1 = q_3 = 5.0 \mu\text{C}$, $q_2 = -2.0 \mu\text{C}$, and $a = 0.10 \text{ m}$, find the resultant force exerted on q_3 . (6 Marks)
- ii. Determine the potential energy (3 Marks)
- c) Point charges $Q_1 (4\mu\text{C})$, $Q_2 (-7\mu\text{C})$ and $Q_3 (2\mu\text{C})$ are located at coordinates $(0,0)$, $(0,30)$ and $(40, 0)$ respectively. Determine the electric potential at point $(40,30)$ due to all these charges. (4 Marks)

Question Seven (12 Marks)

- a) An electron is forced to move into a uniform magnetic field B given by $B = (0.2\mathbf{i} + 0.5\mathbf{j}) \text{ Wb/m}^2$. Find an expression for the magnetic force acting on the electron if $v = 5 \times 10^6 \mathbf{j} \text{ m/s}$. (4 Marks)
- b) State the Bio-Savart law for a current element (1 Mark)
- c) i) Consider a straight infinitely long wire carrying a steady current I . Show that the magnetic field at a point P at a distance R from the wire as shown in the figure below. $B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi a}$
Where the symbols have their usual meanings. (7 Marks)



- ii) Determine the magnetic field intensity at the centre of the circular conductor, with 2m radius and 8A current flowing through it. (2 Marks)
